

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/23

Paper 2 (Extended) May/June 2020

45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly and you will be given marks for correct methods even if your answer is incorrect.
- All answers should be given in their simplest form.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 8 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$Area = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

Answer all the questions.

1	(a)	Write	0.047 996	orrect t	o 4 decim	al places	-					
	(b)	Write	60 449	correct to 3	significa	nt figures						[1]
												[1]
2	Wor	rk out	$4\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{5}{6}$.									
	Giv	e your a	inswer as a	n mixed nur	mber in its	s simples	t form.					
												ĽO:
									•••••	•••••		[3 _]
3	Sim	plify.	$\frac{a^2 \times a^5}{a^3}$									
			a ³									
									•••••	•••••		[2]
4	(a)		down the i	nathematic y.	cal name o	of the qua	ıdrilateral	that has	rotationa	l symmetr	y of order	2 but no
	a .	TT	1 1	4		0.1	1.91	4 . 1				
	(b)	Write	down the i	nathematic	cal name c	of the qua	drilateral	that has	exactly of	ne line of	symmetry.	
												[1]

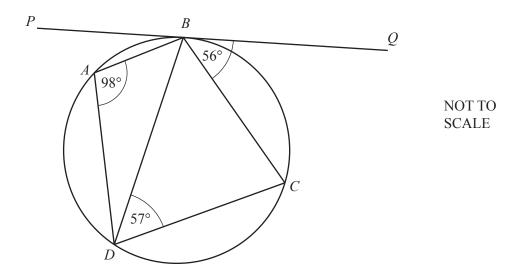
() /) / 4/						
$9 - 2x \le 5$	(x+6)					
biased four-side	ed spinner is spun 150 mes that the spinner lar	times.	number is sl	nown in the	table	
	Number on spinner	1	2	3	4	
F	Frequency	34	63	27	26	
a) Write down	the relative frequency	of the spinn	er landing o	n 2.		
b) Explain why	it is reasonable to use	e your answ	er to part (a) as the pr	obability of th	nis spinner
on 2.						
(c) The spinner	is spun 3000 times.					
•						
•	is spun 3000 times.					
-	is spun 3000 times.					
_	is spun 3000 times.					
•	is spun 3000 times.					
•	is spun 3000 times.			n 2.		
•	is spun 3000 times.			n 2.		
Find the exp	is spun 3000 times. ected number of times			n 2.		
•	is spun 3000 times. ected number of times			n 2.		
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Find the exp	is spun 3000 times. ected number of times			n 2.		

8	A is the point	(-2.4)	and R is the	noint	(7.1)
0	A is the boint	1-2.4) and <i>D</i> is the	oomi	(/,1).

Find the length of AB giving your answer in its simplest surd form.

.....[4]

9



A, B, C and D are points on the circle. PBQ is a straight line.

(a) Find angle *DCB*, giving a reason for your answer.

Angle DCB = because

(b) Is *PBQ* a tangent to the circle? Give a reason for your answer.

because

				O			
10	Solve the simultaneous equat	ions.					
			+3y = 5				
			y = 3x + 1	9			
					$x = \dots$		
					$y = \dots$		[3]
11	The table shows some trigono	ometric r	atios, each	correct to 3	decimal pla	ces.	
						1	
			Sine	Cosine	Tangent		
		40°	0.643	0.766	0.839		
		70°	0.940	0.342	2.747		
	Use this information to find						
	(a) sin110°,						
							[1]
	(b) tan320°.						

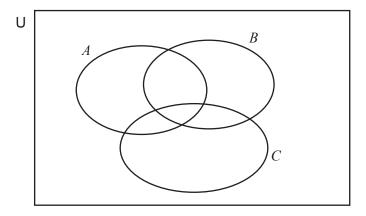
.....[1]

	7	
12	Factorise completely.	
	(a) $4x^2y - 6xy^2$	
	(b) $9x^2 - 1$	[2]
		[1]
13	Solve.	
	(a) $\log_{x} 9 = 2$	
	(b) $2\log x - \log 4 = \log 9$	x = [1]
		x = [2]
14	y varies inversely as the square root of x. When $x = 25$, $y = 6$.	
	Find y in terms of x .	

$$y = \dots$$
 [2]

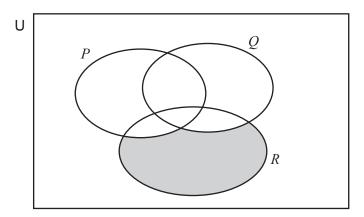
Question 15 is printed on the next page.

15 (a) On the Venn Diagram, shade the set $A \cap B \cap C'$.



[1]

(b) Use set notation to describe the shaded region.



.....[1]

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